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## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

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Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. 02N-0418]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Adverse Experience Reporting for Licensed Biological Products; and General Records

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing an opportunity for public comment on the proposed collection of certain information by the agency. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (the PRA), Federal agencies are required to publish notice in the Federal Registerconcerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, and to allow 60 days for public comment in response to the notice. This notice solicits comments on the information collection requirements relating to FDA?s adverse experience reporting (AER) for licensed biological products, and general records associated with the manufacture and distribution of biological products.

**DATES:** Submit written or electronic comments on the collection of information by [insert date 60 days after date of publication in the Federal Register].

ADDRESSES: Submit electronic comments on the collection of information to http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/oc/dockets/edockethome.cfm. Submit written comments on the collection of information to the Dockets Management oc02245

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Branch (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852. All documents should be identified with the docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: JonnaLynn P. Capezzuto, Office of Information Resources Management (HFA-250), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301-827-4659.

agencies must obtain approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for each collection of information they conduct or sponsor. "Collection of information" is defined in 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c) and includes agency request or requirements that members of the public submit reports, keep records, or provide information to a third party. Section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)) requires Federal agencies to provide a 60–day notice in the **Federal Register** concerning each proposed collection of information, including each proposed extension of an existing collection of information, before submitting the collection to OMB for approval. To comply with this requirement, FDA is publishing notice of the proposed collection of information set forth in this document.

With respect to the following collection of information, FDA invites comments on: (1) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of FDA's functions, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) the accuracy of FDA's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through

the use of automated collection techniques when appropriate, and other forms of information technology.

Adverse Experience Reporting for Licensed Biological Products; and General Records—21 CFR Part 600 (OMB Control Number 0910–0308)—Extension

Under the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262), FDA is required to ensure the marketing of only those biological products that are safe and effective. FDA must, therefore, be informed of all adverse experiences occasioned by the use of licensed biological products. FDA issued the AER requirements in part 600 (21 CFR part 600) to enable FDA to take actions necessary for the protection of the public health in response to reports of adverse experiences related to licensed biological products. The primary purpose of FDA's AER system is to flag potentially serious safety problems with licensed biological products, focusing especially on newly licensed products. Although premarket testing discloses a general safety profile of a new drug's comparatively common adverse effects, the larger and more diverse patient populations exposed to the licensed biological product provides the opportunity to collect information on rare, latent, and long-term effects. Reports are obtained from a variety of sources, including patients, physicians, foreign regulatory agencies, and clinical investigators. Information derived from the adverse experience reporting system contributes directly to increased public health protection because such information enables FDA to recommend important changes to the product's labeling (such as adding a new warning), to initiate removal of a biological product from the market when necessary, and to assure the manufacturer has taken adequate corrective action if necessary.

The regulation in § 600.80(c)(1) requires the licensed manufacturer to report each adverse experience that is both serious and unexpected, regardless of source, as soon as possible but in any case within 15 working days of initial receipt of the information. Section 600.80(e) requires licensed manufacturers to submit a 15-day alert report obtained from a postmarketing clinical study only if there is a reasonable possibility that the product caused the adverse experience. Section 600.80(c)(2) requires the licensed manufacturer to report each adverse experience not reported under paragraph (c)(1) at quarterly intervals, for 3 years from the date of issuance of the product license, and then at annual intervals. The majority of the periodic reports will be submitted. annually since a large percentage of the current licensed biological products have been licensed longer than 3 years. Section 600.80(i) requires the licensed manufacturer to maintain for a period of 10 years records of all adverse experiences known to the licensed manufacturer, including raw data and any correspondence relating to the adverse experiences. Section 600.81 requires the licensed manufacturer to submit information about the quantity of the product distributed under the product license, including the quantity distributed to distributors at an interval of every 6 months. The semiannual distribution report informs FDA of the quantity, the lot number, and the dosage of different products. Section 600.90 requires a licensed manufacturer to submit a waiver request with supporting documentation when asking for waiving the requirement that applies to them under §§ 600.80 and 600.81.

Manufacturers of biological products for human use must keep records of each step in the manufacture and distribution of products including recalls of the product. The recordkeeping requirements serve preventative and remedial purposes. These requirements establish accountability and

traceability in the manufacture and distribution of products, and enable FDA to perform meaningful inspections.

Section 600.12 requires that all records of each step in the manufacture and distribution of a product be made and retained for no less than 5 years after the records of manufacture have been completed or 6 months after the latest expiration date for the individual product, whichever represents a later date. In addition, records of sterilization of equipment and supplies, animal necropsy records, and records in cases of divided manufacturing of a product are required to be maintained. Section 600.12(b)(2) requires complete records to be maintained pertaining to the recall from distribution of any product.

Respondents to this collection of information are manufacturers of biological products. Under table 1 of this document, the number of respondents is based on the estimated number of manufacturers that submitted the required information to FDA in the year 2000 and 2001. Based on information obtained from the Center for Biologics Evaluation and Research's (CBER's) database system, there were approximately 95 licensed manufacturers. This number excludes those manufacturers who produce blood and blood components and in-vitro diagnostic licensed products because they are specifically exempt from the regulations. However, not all manufacturers may have any submissions in a given year and some may have multiple submissions. The total annual responses are based on the estimated number of submissions received annually by FDA. There were an estimated 13,938 15-day alert reports, 10,102 periodic reports, and 339 distribution reports submitted to FDA. The number of 15day alert report for postmarketing studies as stated in § 600.80(e) was minimal and is included in the total number of 15-day alert reports. FDA received an average of 12 waiver requests under § 600.90, of which 11 were approved for

exemption of the AER requirements. The hours per response are based on FDA's experience. The burden hours required to complete the MedWatch Form for § 600.80(c)(1), (e), and (f) are reported under OMB control number 0910–0291.

FDA estimates the burden of this information collection as follows:

Annual Frequency per Response Total Annual 21 CFR Section No. of Respondents Hours per Response Total Hours Responses 600.80(c)(1) and (e) 95 146.72 13,938 1 13.938 106.34 10,102 28 600.80(c)(2) 282,856 600.81 95 3 57 339 1 339 600.90 12 1

297, 145

TABLE 1.--ESTIMATED ANNUAL REPORTING BURDEN<sup>1</sup>

Totals

Under table 2 of this document, the number of respondents is based on the number of manufacturers subject to those regulations. Based on information obtained from CBER?s database system, there were approximately 329 licensed manufacturers of biological products. However, the number of recordkeepers listed for § 600.12(a) through (e) excluding paragraph (b)(2) is estimated to be 111. This number excludes manufacturers of blood and blood components because their burden hours for recordkeeping have been reported under § 606.160 in OMB control number 0910–0116. The total annual records is based on the annual average of lots released (6,747), number of recalls made (1,646) and total number of AER reports received (24,040) in the year 2000 and 2001. The hours per record are based on FDA's experience.

FDA estimates the burden of this recordkeeping as follows:

Annual Frequency of Recordkeeping No. of Record-Total Annual 21 CFR Section Hours per Record Total Hours Responses 600 12 111 60.78 6,747 215,904 32 600 12(b)(2) 329 5.00 1.646 24 39 504 600 80(i) 95 253.05 24,040 24,040 279,448

TABLE 2.—ESTIMATED ANNUAL RECORDKEEPING BURDEN<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> There are no capitol costs or operating and maintenance costs associated with this collection of information.

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Dated: 9-27-02

September 27, 2002.

Margaret M. Dotzel, Associate Commissioner for Policy.

[FR Doc. 02-????? Filed ??-??-02; 8:45 am]

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**CERTIFIED TO BE A TRUE**